

TXC Corporation

**Financial Statements for the
Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 and
Independent Auditors' Report**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
TXC Corporation

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of TXC Corporation (the "Corporation") as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Rules Governing the Audit of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those rules and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TXC Corporation as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, requirements of the Business Accounting Law and Guidelines Governing Business Accounting relevant to financial accounting standards, and accounting principles generally accepted in the Republic of China.

We have also audited the accompanying schedules of significant accounts, provided for supplementary analysis, by applying the same procedures described above. In our opinion, such schedules are consistent, in all material respects, with the financial statements referred to above.

As stated in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Corporation adopted the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 35, "Accounting for Impairment of Assets," on January 1, 2005.

As stated in Note 3 to the financial statements, on January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted the newly released Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 34, "Accounting for Financial Instruments," and No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments" and related revisions of previously released SFASs.

We have also audited the consolidated financial statements of TXC Corporation and subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, and expressed modified unqualified opinion with explanatory paragraphs on such financial statements.

March 5, 2007

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

TXC CORPORATION

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Per Share Amount)

ASSETS	2006		2005		LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	2006		2005	
	Amount	%	Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT ASSETS					CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes 2 and 4)	\$ 797,134	13	\$ 212,986	5	Short-term loans (Note 13)	\$ 205,275	3	\$ 165,208	4
Available-for-sale financial assets (Notes 2, 3 and 6)	150,183	2	60,000	1	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 2, 3 and 5)	1,744	-	-	-
Notes receivable, net (Notes 2 and 7)	44,589	1	85,329	2	Notes payable (Note 22)	55,286	1	52,422	1
Accounts receivable, net (Notes 2, 7 and 22)	1,680,447	27	1,188,974	27	Accounts payable to third parties	467,299	8	401,982	9
Inventories, net (Notes 2 and 8)	600,905	10	587,633	13	Accounts payable to related parties (Note 22)	279,238	4	154,286	3
Other current assets (Notes 2, 18 and 22)	78,559	1	77,884	2	Income tax payable (Note 18)	74,456	1	30,437	1
Total current assets	<u>3,351,817</u>	<u>54</u>	<u>2,212,806</u>	<u>50</u>	Accrued expenses (Note 22)	155,386	3	128,544	3
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS					Current portion of long-term loans (Notes 15 and 23)	50,000	1	80,000	2
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 2 and 10)	1,143,443	18	853,082	19	Other current liabilities	7,674	-	9,673	-
Financial assets carried at cost (Notes 2 and 9)	3,000	-	3,000	-	Total current liabilities	<u>1,296,358</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>1,022,552</u>	<u>23</u>
Total long-term investments	<u>1,146,443</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>856,082</u>	<u>19</u>	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Notes 2, 11 and 23)					Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 2, 3 and 5)	18,944	-	-	-
Cost					Bonds payable (Notes 2 and 14)	763,311	12	20,499	-
Land	157,040	3	157,040	4	Long-term loans, net of current portion (Notes 15 and 23)	360,000	6	390,000	9
Land improvements	442	-	442	-	Total long-term liabilities	<u>1,142,255</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>410,499</u>	<u>9</u>
Buildings	277,570	5	272,793	6	OTHER LIABILITIES				
Machinery and equipment	1,810,816	29	1,453,138	33	Land value increment tax reserve (Notes 2 and 11)	3,512	-	3,512	-
Transportation equipment	2,557	-	2,557	-	Deferred credits	240	-	689	-
Miscellaneous equipment	80,949	1	67,945	1	Total other liabilities	<u>3,752</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,201</u>	<u>-</u>
Land - revaluation increment	8,954	-	8,954	-	Total liabilities	<u>2,442,365</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>1,437,252</u>	<u>32</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	(944,554)	(15)	(700,041)	(16)	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Note 17)				
Unfinished construction and prepayments for purchase of equipment	276,088	4	12,035	1	Capital stock				
Property, plant and equipment, net	<u>1,669,862</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>1,274,863</u>	<u>29</u>	Common stock, \$10 par value;				
INTANGIBLE ASSETS					Authorized - 300,000 thousand and 260,000 thousand shares at December 31, 2006 and 2005				
Pension prepayment (Notes 2 and 16)	7,947	-	7,947	-	Issued - 205,698 thousand and 186,199 thousand shares at December 31, 2006 and 2005	2,056,983	33	1,861,987	42
OTHER ASSETS					Capital surplus	573,156	9	491,400	11
Idle assets (Notes 2, 3 and 12)	4,126	-	4,521	-	Retained earnings				
Refundable deposits	2,971	-	2,329	-	Legal reserve	153,821	2	105,774	3
Deferred charges, net	11,498	-	4,738	-	Special reserve	-	-	34,087	1
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 2 and 18)	52,394	1	75,261	2	Unappropriated earnings	978,720	16	493,909	11
Total other assets	<u>70,989</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>86,849</u>	<u>2</u>	Cumulative translation adjustments (Note 2)	36,388	1	8,696	-
TOTAL	<u>\$ 6,247,058</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 4,438,547</u>	<u>100</u>	Unrealized gains on financial instruments (Note 2)	183	-	-	-
					Asset revaluation increment	5,442	-	5,442	-
					Total stockholders' equity	<u>3,804,693</u>	<u>61</u>	<u>3,001,295</u>	<u>68</u>
					TOTAL	<u>\$ 6,247,058</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 4,438,547</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche audit report dated March 5, 2007)

TXC CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2006		2005	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Note 2)	\$ 4,901,260	101	\$ 3,474,648	101
LESS SALES DISCOUNTS AND RETURNS	<u>(61,567)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>(35,913)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
NET OPERATING REVENUE	4,839,693	100	3,438,735	100
COST OF SALES	<u>3,551,041</u>	<u>74</u>	<u>2,569,635</u>	<u>75</u>
GROSS PROFIT	1,288,652	26	869,100	25
UNREALIZED GAIN ON TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEES	(240)	-	(689)	-
REALIZED GAIN ON TRANSACTIONS WITH INVESTEES	<u>689</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
REALIZED GROSS PROFIT	<u>1,289,101</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>868,411</u>	<u>25</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Sales and marketing	211,969	4	147,628	4
General and administration	110,428	2	93,541	3
Research and development	<u>120,920</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>114,374</u>	<u>3</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>443,317</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>355,543</u>	<u>10</u>
OPERATING INCOME	<u>845,784</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>512,868</u>	<u>15</u>
NONOPERATING INCOME AND GAINS				
Interest income	5,204	-	2,304	-
Investment income accounted for by the equity method	124,900	3	48,707	1
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	81	-
Gain on disposal of investments	1,184	-	789	-
Gain on physical inventory	-	-	360	-
Foreign exchange gains	94,629	2	111,534	3
Valuation gain on financial instruments	4,079	-	-	-
Others	<u>37,563</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>19,640</u>	<u>1</u>
Total nonoperating income and gains	<u>267,559</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>183,415</u>	<u>5</u>

(Continued)

TXC CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2006		2005	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
NONOPERATING EXPENSES AND LOSSES				
Interest expense	\$ 22,849	-	\$ 47,295	2
Investment loss accounted for by the equity method	3,260	-	757	-
Loss on disposal of assets	904	-	1,812	-
Loss on physical inventories	958	-	803	-
Foreign exchange losses	88,336	2	77,820	2
Loss on decline in value of inventories	33,721	1	24,307	1
Loss on idle assets' depreciation	1,940	-	2,034	-
Impairment loss	1,182	-	8,687	-
Valuation loss on financial instruments	1,744	-	-	-
Others	-	-	2,801	-
Total nonoperating expenses and losses	<u>154,894</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>166,316</u>	<u>5</u>
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	958,449	20	529,967	15
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 2 and 16)	<u>(98,941)</u>	<u>(2)</u>	<u>(49,499)</u>	<u>(1)</u>
NET INCOME BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES	859,508	18	480,468	14
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, Net of tax benefit of NT\$5,756 thousand	<u>(17,267)</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 842,241</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>\$ 480,468</u>	<u>14</u>
	2006		2005	
	Before Income Tax	After Income Tax	Before Income Tax	After Income Tax
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 20)				
Basic	<u>\$ 4.59</u>	<u>\$ 4.13</u>	<u>\$ 2.78</u>	<u>\$ 2.52</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 4.25</u>	<u>\$ 3.83</u>	<u>\$ 2.70</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche audit report dated March 5, 2007)

TXC CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Retained Earnings					Others		Cumulative Translation Adjustments	Total
	Capital Stock	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Asset Revaluation Reserve	Unrealized Gains on Financial Instruments		
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2005	\$ 1,607,847	\$ 363,804	\$ 79,959	\$ 409	\$ 260,217	\$ 5,442	\$ -	\$ (34,087)	\$ 2,283,591
Appropriation of 2004 earnings									
Legal reserve	-	-	25,815	-	(25,815)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	33,678	(33,678)	-	-	-	-
Stock dividend	82,405	-	-	-	(82,405)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(82,404)	-	-	-	(82,404)
Bonus to employees - capital stock	18,728	-	-	-	(18,728)	-	-	-	-
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	-	-	-	-	(3,746)	-	-	-	(3,746)
Convertible bonds converted to common stock	133,887	114,113	-	-	-	-	-	-	248,000
Employee stock option converted to common stock	19,120	13,483	-	-	-	-	-	-	32,603
Net income in 2005	-	-	-	-	480,468	-	-	-	480,468
Translation adjustments on long-term equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,783	42,783
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2005	1,861,987	491,400	105,774	34,087	493,909	5,442	-	8,696	3,001,295
Effect of adopting the newly released Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 34	-	-	-	-	(17,267)	-	-	-	(17,267)
Appropriation of 2005 earnings									
Legal reserve	-	-	48,047	-	(48,047)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	-	-	-	(34,087)	34,087	-	-	-	-
Stock dividend	113,345	-	-	-	(113,345)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	(188,909)	-	-	-	(188,909)
Bonus to employees - capital stock	34,347	-	-	-	(34,347)	-	-	-	-
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	-	-	-	-	(6,869)	-	-	-	(6,869)
Convertible bonds converted to common stock	11,234	8,566	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,800
Employee stock option converted to common stock	36,070	33,510	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,580
Equity component of compound financial instrument	-	39,680	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,680
Net income in 2006	-	-	-	-	859,508	-	-	-	859,508
Changes in valuation gain or loss on available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	183	-	183
Translation adjustments on long-term equity investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,692	27,692
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2006	<u>\$ 2,056,983</u>	<u>\$ 573,156</u>	<u>\$ 153,821</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 978,720</u>	<u>\$ 5,442</u>	<u>\$ 183</u>	<u>\$ 36,388</u>	<u>\$ 3,804,693</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche audit report dated March 5, 2007)

TXC CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2006	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 842,241	\$ 480,468
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	<u>17,267</u>	<u>-</u>
Net income before cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	859,508	480,468
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation	258,042	201,821
Nonoperating loss - idle assets	1,940	2,034
Amortization	50,564	30,505
Bad debt expense	6,388	801
Loss on decline in value of inventories	33,721	24,307
Loss on physical inventory	958	443
Gain on disposal of investments	(1,184)	(789)
Investment income accounted for by the equity method, net	(121,640)	(47,950)
Loss on disposal of assets	904	1,731
Unrealized gain on financial instruments, net	(2,335)	-
Impairment loss	1,182	8,687
Unrealized gross profit	240	689
Realized gross profit	(689)	-
Accrued interest compensation	2,292	(3,319)
Deferred income tax	23,157	(1,009)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Notes receivable	40,945	(51,236)
Accounts receivable	(498,066)	(127,656)
Inventories	(47,951)	(67,529)
Other current assets	4,791	(12,287)
Prepaid pension expense	-	(551)
Notes payable	2,864	24,674
Accounts payable	190,269	172,014
Accrued expenses	26,842	47,470
Income tax payable	44,019	-
Other current liabilities	<u>(1,999)</u>	<u>3,950</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>874,762</u>	<u>687,268</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions of available-for-sale financial assets	(460,000)	(350,000)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	371,184	290,789
Other financial assets sold	-	9,591
Acquisitions of long-term equity investments	(131,306)	(224,284)
Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment	(666,995)	(278,191)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	600	39,451
Increase in refundable deposits paid	(642)	(551)
Increase in deferred charges	<u>(57,324)</u>	<u>(26,343)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(944,483)</u>	<u>(539,538)</u>

(Continued)

TXC CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2006	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in short-term loans	\$ 40,067	\$(212,788)
Issue of convertible bonds	800,000	-
(Decrease) increase in long-term loans	(60,000)	126,873
Remuneration to directors and supervisors	(6,869)	(3,746)
Cash dividends	(188,909)	(82,404)
Proceeds from the exercise of employee stock option	<u>69,580</u>	<u>32,603</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>653,869</u>	<u>(139,462)</u>
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	584,148	8,268
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>212,986</u>	<u>204,718</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 797,134</u>	<u>\$ 212,986</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year		
Interest (including interest capitalized \$2,371 thousand)	<u>\$ 23,524</u>	<u>\$ 19,098</u>
Income tax	<u>\$ 31,765</u>	<u>\$ 50,927</u>
NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Transfer of current portion of long-term loans to current liabilities	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 80,000</u>
Convertible bonds	<u>\$ 19,800</u>	<u>\$ 248,000</u>
Acquisition of long-term equity investments through payment in the form of machinery	<u>\$ 9,723</u>	<u>\$ 23,668</u>

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche audit report dated March 5, 2007)

TXC CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

TXC Corporation (the "Corporation") was incorporated on December 28, 1983 under the Company Law and other related regulations of the Republic of China (ROC).

On July 31, 2002, the Corporation was authorized by the Securities and Futures Commission of the Ministry of Finance of ROC to become a public listed company. On August 26, 2002, the Corporation's shares began to be traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

The Corporation mainly produces and sells crystals, crystal oscillator and SAW (surface acoustic wave) filters and Timing Module (TM).

As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Corporation had 806 and 690 employees, respectively.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, requirements of the Business Accounting Law and Guidelines Governing Business Accounting relevant to financial accounting standards, and accounting principles generally accepted in the ROC. In conformity with these guidelines and principles, the Corporation is required to make certain estimates and assumptions that could affect the amounts of the allowance for doubtful accounts, allowance for inventory devaluation, depreciation, pension, etc. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the ROC. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language financial statements shall prevail.

The Corporation's significant accounting policies are summarized as follows:

Current/Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include cash and cash equivalents and those expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within 12 months from the balance sheet date. Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and those not classified as current assets are noncurrent assets. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for operating purposes and expected to be paid or settled within 12 months from the balance sheet date. All other liabilities not classified as current liabilities are noncurrent liabilities.

Cash Equivalents

Government bonds acquired under resell agreements and having maturities of up to three months from the date of purchase are classified as cash equivalents.

Financial Assets/Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets or liabilities held for trading and those designated on initial recognition to be measured at fair value with fair value changes recognized in profit or loss. The financial instruments are recognized and carried at fair value plus transaction costs with fair value changes recognized in profit or loss. A regular way purchase or sale of financial instruments is recognized and derecognized using transaction date accounting.

Fair value is estimated using valuation techniques incorporating estimates and assumptions that are consistent with prevailing market conditions. Derivatives that do not meet the criteria for hedge accounting are recognized at fair value. When the fair value is a positive amount, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value is a negative amount, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are recognized and carried at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition. The changes in fair value are excluded from earnings and reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity. The accumulated gains or losses are recognized in earnings when the financial asset is derecognized from the balance sheet. A regular way purchase or sale of financial asset is recognized and derecognized using transaction date accounting.

The fair value of investments in open-end funds is the year-end net asset value of the funds.

If there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, a loss is recognized. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases, for equity securities, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the decrease and recorded as an adjustment to stockholders' equity; for debt securities, the amount of the decrease is recognized in earnings, provided that the decrease is clearly attributable to an event which occurred after the impairment loss was recognized.

Revenue Recognition and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Revenue is recognized when ownership and risk of loss or liability for changes to products are transferred to customers, usually upon shipment. Sales returns and discounts, which take into consideration customers' complaints and past experiences, are accrued in the same year of sales.

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided on the basis of management's evaluation of the collectibility of receivables, past loss experience and pertinent factors.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the weighted average method, and market value is based on net realizable value of finished goods, work in process and merchandise and on replacement cost of raw materials.

Financial Assets Carried at Cost

Investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are carried at original cost, such as non-publicly traded stocks.

Cash dividends are recognized as dividend income on the ex-dividend date, but are accounted for as reductions to the original cost of investments if such dividends are declared on the earnings of investees attributable to periods prior to the purchase of investments. Stock dividends are not recognized as current income but are accounted for only as an increase in the number of shares held. The cost per share is recalculated based on the new number of shares.

If there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, a loss is recognized. No recording of a subsequent recovery in fair value is allowed.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Long-term investments in which the Corporation owns 20% or more of an investee's outstanding voting shares or exercises significant influence on the investee are accounted for by the equity method.

Gains or losses on sales to investees over which the Corporation has a controlling interest are deferred until such gains or losses are realized through the subsequent sale of the related products to third parties.

Gains or losses on sales of investees to the Corporation are deferred in proportion to the Corporation's ownership percentage in the investees until they are realized through transactions with third parties.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Expenditures that would increase the value or extend the useful lives of the property, plant, and equipment are capitalized. Repairs and maintenance are expensed currently. Interest incurred for the construction of major facilities is capitalized.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of: buildings - 5 to 60 years; machinery and equipment - 3 to 9 years; transportation equipment - 3 to 6 years; miscellaneous equipment - 5 to 15 years.

Upon sale or disposal of property, plant and equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any gain or loss is credited or charged to nonoperating income.

Asset Impairment

An impairment loss should be recognized whenever the aggregate carrying amount of specific assets exceeds their recoverable amount, and this impairment loss should be charged to current income.

An impairment loss recognized in prior years may be reversed if, there has been a subsequent recovery in the estimates used to determine recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. However, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that it does not increase the carrying amount of an asset above the carrying amount that would have been determined for the asset (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognized in prior years.

Employee Stock Options

Employee stock option plans that are amended or have options granted on or after January 1, 2004 must be accounted for in accordance with the interpretations issued by the Accounting Research and Development Foundation. Thus, for its option plans, the Corporation adopted the intrinsic value method under which any compensation cost is charged to expense over the vesting period.

Pension Plan

The Corporation's accounting for pensions is in accordance with the generally accepted accounting standards for pension and related regulations. Net pension cost and related asset or liabilities are determined actuarially.

Convertible Bonds

Convertible bonds that were issued before December 31, 2005 are classified as current or noncurrent according to the redemption dates. When the Corporation converts bonds to shares of stock, it writes off the sum of the balances of the carrying value of the bonds, redemption premium and issuance costs. The common stock exchange certificate (capital stock) is then valued at its carrying amount net of the amounts written off, and the difference between the net amount and the par value of the certificate is recognized as capital surplus.

For convertible bonds issued on or after January 1, 2006, the carrying value of host contract is recorded in total proceeds from the issuance less the (1) fair value of embedded derivatives and (2) issuance costs allocated to bond payable under the initially recognized amount. When the fair value of the bonds is subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, the related interest expense or redemption gain is recognized as loss or earnings. When the bondholder exercises the conversion option before bond maturity, the adjusted carrying value of the debt components (bonds and embedded derivatives are included) is credited to a capital stock accounts.

Income Tax

The Corporation adopted inter-period tax allocation. Deferred income taxes are recognized for tax effects of temporary differences and unused tax credits. Valuation allowance is provided for deferred income tax assets that are not certain to be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as current or noncurrent accounts according to the classifications of their related assets and liabilities for financial reporting. If deferred tax assets and liabilities cannot be related to the assets or liabilities in the financial statement, they are classified as current or noncurrent on the basis of the length of the reversal or realization period.

Deferred income tax liabilities derived from the temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax base of long-term investments are not recognized, if it is expected that a foreign subsidiary will not distribute its earnings in the future and the difference will permanently exist.

The Corporation adopts the flow-through method for income tax credits resulting from the purchase of certain equipment for automation of production or production technology, research and development expenditures, personnel training, etc.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax expense.

Income tax (10%) on undistributed earnings generated since 1998 is recorded as expense in the year when the stockholders resolve to retain these earnings.

Foreign-currency Transactions

Transactions negotiated in foreign currencies (except derivative transactions) are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the exchange rates in effect on the transaction dates. Gains or losses caused by applying prevailing exchange rates when foreign-currency receivables and payables are settled, are credited or charged to current income. Balance sheet date balances of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are restated at the balance sheet date exchange rates, and any resulting gains or losses are credited or charged to current income.

The financial statements of consolidated foreign subsidiaries and other equity-method foreign investees are translated from their respective local currencies into New Taiwan dollars as follows:

- Assets and liabilities - at the rate as of the balance sheet date;
- Stockholders' equity accounts - at the historical rate, except for the beginning balance of the retained earnings, which is carried at the translated amount of the previous period;
- Income statement accounts - at the weighted-average rate of the current period.

Exchange gains or losses resulting from the above financial statement translation are recorded as "translation adjustments," which are presented as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

The above prevailing exchange rates are based on the Interbank Spot Market closing rates of Central Bank of China.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts for the year ended December 31, 2005 have been reclassified to be consistent with the presentation of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

On January 1, 2006, the Corporation adopted the newly released Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 34 "Accounting for Financial Instruments" and No. 36 "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments" and related revisions of previously released SFASs.

- a. Effect of adopting the newly released SFASs and related revisions of previously released SFASs

The Corporation had properly categorized its financial assets and liabilities upon initial adoption of the newly released SFASs. The adjustments made to the carrying amounts of the financial instruments categorized as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss were included in the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles; on the other hand, the adjustments made to the carrying amounts of those categorized as available-for-sale financial assets were recognized as adjustments to stockholders' equity.

The effect of adopting the newly released SFASs is summarized as follows:

	Recognized as Cumulative Effect of Changes in Accounting Principles (Net of Tax)	Recognized as a Separate Component of Stockholders' Equity (Net of Tax)
Available-for-sale financial assets	\$ -	\$ 2
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, noncurrent	<u>(17,267)</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ (17,267)</u>	<u>\$ 2</u>

The adoption of the newly released SFASs resulted in a cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles of NT\$17,267 thousand (net of tax), a decrease in net income of NT\$17,267 thousand, and a decrease in after income tax basic earnings per share of NT\$0.08 dollar, for the year ended December 31, 2006.

b. Reclassifications

Upon the adoption of SFAS No. 34, certain accounts in the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, were reclassified to conform with the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006. The previously issued financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005 need not be restated.

Certain accounting policies prior to the adoption of the newly released SFASs are summarized as follows:

1) Short-term investments

Marketable securities are initially stated at their acquisition cost. Stock dividends received from invested companies are not recognized as investment income but are merely noted as an increase in the number of shares held. The cost of stocks and mutual funds sold is determined using the weighted-average method. At year-end, all short-term investment are evaluated at the lower of aggregate cost or market value. Gain on value recovery or loss on value decline at year-end is recorded currently. The market values of investments in listed closed-end funds, listed stocks, and stocks traded over the counter are their respective average closing prices in the last month of the year. The market value of investments in open-end funds is the year-end net asset value of the funds.

2) Long-term investments

Long-term investments in which the Corporation exercises significant influence on the investees are accounted for by the equity method. Under this method, the investments are stated at cost and subsequently adjusted for the Corporation's share in the net earnings or other changes in stockholders' equity of the investee companies. Cash dividends received are recorded as reductions of the investment.

Other long-term investments in which the Corporation has no significant influence on the investees are accounted for by the cost method.

3) Derivative financial instruments

For derivative financial instruments (forward exchange and currency option contracts), which are used to hedge risk exposures on foreign-currency assets or liabilities, any resulting gains or losses may either be credited or charged to current income or reported as adjustments to the carrying amount of the hedged assets or liabilities. For forward exchange contracts used to hedge identifiable foreign-currency sales commitments and the contract settlement dates are ahead of the actual selling dates, any exchange gain or loss should be deferred to the actual sales transaction date and recorded as an increase in the transaction price if the commodity purchase price is lower than the actual selling price. But if the exchange loss will result in a loss on actual sales because the actual selling price will become lower than the purchase price, the exchange loss should not be deferred.

Certain accounts in the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005 have been reclassified to conform to the 2006 classifications prescribed by the newly released and revised SFAS. The reclassifications of the whole or a part of the account balances of certain accounts are summarized as follows:

	Before Reclassification	After Reclassification
<u>Balance sheet</u>		
Short-term investments	\$ 60,000	\$ -
Long-term investments	3,000	-
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	60,000
Financial assets carried at cost	-	3,000
	<u>\$ 63,000</u>	<u>\$ 63,000</u>

The Corporation adopted the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 35, "Accounting for Impairment of Assets" on January 1, 2005. As a result, the carrying value of idle assets decreased by \$8,687 thousand. The impairment loss was \$8,687 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2005.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2006	2005
Cash on hand	\$ 1,531	\$ 701
Checking accounts and demand deposits	183,892	195,728
Time deposits	116,711	16,557
Cash equivalents		
Bonds with repurchase rights	495,000	-
	<u>\$ 797,134</u>	<u>\$ 212,986</u>

5. FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
<u>Derivatives - financial liabilities</u>		
Forward contracts	\$ 1,744	\$ -
Interest rate swap contracts	<u>\$ 18,944</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Corporation entered into derivative transactions during the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 to manage exposures related to foreign exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations.

Outstanding forward contracts as of December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2006</u>			
Sell	USD/NTD	January 9, 2007 to February 9, 2007	US\$4,000/NT\$129,718
Sell	USD/JPY	January 26, 2007 to February 15, 2007	US\$4,500/JP¥527,888
Sell	NTD/JPY	February 14, 2007	NT\$8,268/JP¥30,000

Outstanding Interest rate swap contracts as of December 31, 2006:

Maturity Date	Contract Amount (In Thousands)	Range of Interest Rates Paid	Range of Interest Rates Received
August 12, 2010	\$ 300,000	3.68%	Rate on 90-day commercial paper

Net gains arising from derivative financial instruments for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$4,079 thousand.

6. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Mutual funds	<u>\$ 150,183</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>

7. NOTES RECEIVABLE AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31	
	2006	2005
Notes receivable from third parties	\$ 44,813	\$ 85,758
Notes receivable from related parties	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	44,813	85,758
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(224)</u>	<u>(429)</u>
	<u>\$ 44,589</u>	<u>\$ 85,329</u>
Accounts receivable from third parties	\$ 1,680,058	\$ 1,170,313
Accounts receivable from related parties	<u>13,724</u>	<u>27,994</u>
	1,693,782	1,198,307
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(13,335)</u>	<u>(9,333)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,680,447</u>	<u>\$ 1,188,974</u>

8. INVENTORIES

	December 31	
	2006	2005
Raw materials	\$ 103,999	\$ 78,649
Supplies and spare parts	11,830	8,907
Work in-process	103,637	113,366
Finished goods	187,939	136,118
Merchandise inventories	193,878	230,629
Merchandise in transit	<u>27,715</u>	<u>35,954</u>
	628,998	603,623
Less allowance for loss on decline in market value and obsolescence	<u>(28,093)</u>	<u>(15,990)</u>
	<u>\$ 600,905</u>	<u>\$ 587,633</u>

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST

	December 31	
	2006	2005
Non-publicly traded stocks	<u>\$ 3,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,000</u>

10. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

	December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Carrying Value	Ownership Percentage	Carrying Value	Ownership Percentage
Taiwan Crystal Technology International Ltd. ("TCTI")	\$ 1,137,953	100	\$ 845,913	100
TXC Technology Inc.	2,702	100	5,097	100
TXC Japan Corporation	<u>2,788</u>	100	<u>2,072</u>	100
	<u>\$ 1,143,443</u>		<u>\$ 853,082</u>	

On September 13, 2005, the Corporation's stockholders resolved to establish TXC Japan Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary that will engage in marketing. The Corporation invested \$2,973 thousand in this subsidiary.

Equity in earnings (loss) of investees for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was as follows:

	Equity in Investees Gain (Loss)		Original Cost
	2006	2005	2006
	TCTI	\$ 124,900	\$ 48,576
TXC Technology Inc.	(2,351)	131	US\$ 300
TXC Japan Corporation	<u>(909)</u>	<u>(757)</u>	JP¥ 16,000
	<u>\$ 121,640</u>	<u>\$ 47,950</u>	

The financial statements used as basis for calculating the above equity-method investments had all been audited, except TXC Technology Inc. and TXC Japan Corporation.

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Land	\$ 157,040	\$ -	\$ 157,040	\$ 157,040
Land - revaluation increment	8,954	-	8,954	8,954
Land improvements	442	343	99	169
Buildings	277,570	132,728	144,842	158,759
Machinery equipment	1,810,816	761,124	1,049,692	904,860
Transportation equipment	2,557	1,856	701	1,382
Miscellaneous equipment	80,949	48,503	32,446	31,664
Prepayments on purchase of equipment	37,184	-	37,184	12,035
Unfinished construction	<u>238,904</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>238,904</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 2,614,416</u>	<u>\$ 944,554</u>	<u>\$ 1,669,862</u>	<u>\$ 1,274,863</u>

See Note 23 for the details of property, plant and equipment pledged as collaterals.

Interest expenses capitalized for the year ended December 31, 2006 amounted to \$2,371 thousand, with interest rate of 2.63%.

12. IDLE ASSETS

	<u>December 31, 2006</u>		
	Book Value	Accumulated Impairment	Carrying Value
Land	\$ 2,253	\$ -	\$ 2,253
Buildings	6,747	4,874	1,873
Machinery and equipment	<u>4,995</u>	<u>4,995</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 13,995</u>	<u>\$ 9,869</u>	<u>\$ 4,126</u>

	<u>December 31, 2005</u>		
	Book Value	Accumulated Impairment	Carrying Value
Land	\$ 2,253	\$ -	\$ 2,253
Buildings	7,142	4,874	2,268
Machinery and equipment	<u>3,813</u>	<u>3,813</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 13,208</u>	<u>\$ 8,687</u>	<u>\$ 4,521</u>

Impairment loss was as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2006</u>	
	Recognized in Income Statement	Recognized in Stockholders' Equity
Impairment loss		
Machinery and equipment	<u>\$ 1,182</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

	<u>December 31, 2005</u>	
	Recognized in Income Statement	Recognized in Stockholders' Equity
Impairment loss		
Buildings	\$ 4,874	\$ -
Machinery and equipment	<u>3,813</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 8,687</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

13. SHORT-TERM LOANS

	<u>December 31</u>			
	<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	
	Amount	Interest Rate %	Amount	Interest Rate %
Material procurements loans	\$ 57,487	0.80~1.21	\$ 145,208	0.72~1.17
Unsecured bank loans	<u>147,788</u>	1.745~6.00	<u>20,000</u>	1.68
	<u>\$ 205,275</u>		<u>\$ 165,208</u>	

See Note 23 for details of pledged assets.

14. BONDS PAYABLE

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Domestic		
First domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds	\$ -	\$ 19,800
Second domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds	800,000	-
Liability component of domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds	(36,689)	-
Add accrued interest compensation	-	699
	<u>\$763,311</u>	<u>\$ 20,499</u>

First Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds

On December 31, 2003, the Corporation issued first domestic unsecured convertible bonds with an aggregate face value of \$400,000 thousand and maturity on December 31, 2008. Nominal interest is 0%. Other details of the bond issuance are summarized as follows:

- (a) On the third and fourth anniversaries of the issuance date, bonds are redeemable at a price of 103.02% and 105.34%, respectively, of face value plus accrued interest. On maturity, bonds will be redeemed at face value.
- (b) During the period between three months after issuance and the 40th day before maturity, except for the period between the ex-dividend date and the date of record, holders can request for conversion of the bonds to the Corporation's common stock.
- (c) The original conversion price per share is NT\$20.00. The conversion price is subject to adjustment based on a certain formula if there are changes in outstanding shares or execution of conversion below market price.

Second Domestic Unsecured Convertible Corporate Bonds

On November 8, 2006, the Corporation issued second domestic unsecured convertible bonds with an aggregate value of \$800,000 thousand and maturity on November 8, 2011. Nominal interest is 0%. As of December 31, 2006, the Corporation's outstanding domestic unsecured convertible corporate bonds were \$800,000 thousand. According to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 36, "Disclosure and Presentation of Financial Instruments," these domestic unsecured convertible bonds were separated into convertible options, equity (Note 17), and bonds payable, liability. Other details of the bond issuance are summarized as follows:

- (a) On the third anniversaries of the issuance date, bonds are redeemable at face value.
- (b) During the period between one month after issuance and the 40th day before maturity, the Corporation can redeem the bonds from holders at contracted price.
- (c) During the period between one month after issuance and the 10th day before maturity, except for the period between the ex-dividend date and the date of record, holders can request for conversion of the bonds to the Corporation's common stock.
- (c) The original conversion price per share is NT\$52.00. The conversion price is subject to adjustment based on a certain formula if there are changes in outstanding shares or execution of conversion below market price.

15. LONG-TERM LOANS

Nature of Loans	Repayment Period	December 31	
		2006	2005
Unsecured bank loans	Repayable at maturity on September 3, 2021	\$ 160,000	\$ -
Unsecured bank loans	Repayable in quarterly installments, maturing on February 2, 2007	-	40,000
Unsecured bank loans	Repayable at maturity on October 26, 2008	200,000	250,000
Chinatrust loan		<u>50,000</u>	<u>180,000</u>
		410,000	470,000
Less current portion		<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>(80,000)</u>
		<u>\$ 360,000</u>	<u>\$ 390,000</u>
Interest rate (%)		2.15~3.0579	0~2.8716

See Note 23 for collateral on long-term loans.

As of December 31, 2006, the Corporation had issued to various banks promissory notes amounting to \$1,875,500 thousand to secure short-term loans and long-term loans.

On September 6, 2004, the Corporation signed a syndicated loan agreement for \$500,000 thousand with Chinatrust Commercial Bank and five other financial institutions. The syndicated loan can be separated into two parts and terms summarized as follows:

Credit Lines	Credit Amount	Credit Period	Interest Rate	Repayment Agreements
\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	Three years after the first drawdown date including additional one year.	2.9611%	Six semiannual installments starting from one year after the first drawdown date.
200,000	50,000	Three years after the first drawdown date.	3.0579%	Lump sum on due date.
<u>\$ 500,000</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>			

16. PENSION PLAN

The Labor Pension Act (the Act) became effective on July 1, 2005, and the pension mechanism under the Act is deemed a defined contribution plan. Employees who were subject to the Labor Standards Law prior to July 1, 2005 were allowed to choose to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act or continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Labor Standards Law. For those employees who were subject to the Labor Standards Law before July 1, 2005 and still work for the same company after July 1, 2005 and have chosen to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act, their seniority as of July 1, 2005 shall be maintained. Employees who joined the Corporation after July 1, 2005 can only be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act.

The Act prescribes that the contribution by an employer to employees' pension accounts per month shall be in amount equal to not less than 6% of each employee's monthly salary. Pursuant to the Act, the Corporation has made monthly contributions to employees' pension accounts starting from July 1, 2005, and recognized pension costs of \$12,802 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2006.

The Corporation has a defined benefit plan under the Labor Standards Law that provides benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Corporation contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to a pension fund (the Fund). The Fund is administered by the pension fund monitoring committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Central Trust of China.

Information of Pension

Net periodic pension costs for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	2006	2005
Service cost	\$ 1,884	\$ 3,859
Interest cost	1,596	1,543
Expected return on plan assets	(1,721)	(1,516)
Amortization of unrecognized losses	<u>377</u>	<u>557</u>
Net periodic pension cost	<u>\$ 2,136</u>	<u>\$ 4,443</u>

Reconciliation of fund status of the plan and accrued pension cost was as follows:

	2006	2005
Benefit obligations		
Vested benefit obligation	\$ (4,633)	\$ (4,596)
Nonvested benefits	<u>(37,355)</u>	<u>(33,522)</u>
Accumulated benefit obligation	(41,988)	(38,118)
Effect of future salary increase	<u>(14,635)</u>	<u>(11,002)</u>
Projected benefit obligation	(56,623)	(49,120)
Plan assets at fair value	<u>55,989</u>	<u>50,429</u>
Plan assets in excess of projected benefit obligation (Projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets)	(634)	1,309
Unrecognized net transition obligation	634	972
Unrecognized net losses	<u>10,048</u>	<u>5,666</u>
Accrued pension cost	<u>\$ 10,048</u>	<u>\$ 7,947</u>
Vested benefits	<u>\$ (5,421)</u>	<u>\$ (5,111)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

	2006	2005
Discount rate used in determining present values	2.75%	3.25%
Future salary increase rate	2.50%	2.00%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	2.75%	3.25%

Summary of changes in the pension fund is as follows:

	2006	2005
Contribution	<u>\$ 4,237</u>	<u>\$ 4,994</u>
Payment of benefits	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,197</u>

17. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Capital Stock

The Corporation's authorized capital is \$3,000,000 thousand and \$2,600,000 thousand at December 31, 2006 and 2005 (\$10.00 par value per share). As of December 31, 2006, the Corporation's outstanding capital stock was \$2,056,983 thousand divided into 205,698 thousand shares at \$10.00 par value each. Capital stock consists of the following:

Initial cash subscription	\$ 3,100
Additional cash subscription	540,080
Stock dividends from earnings	1,109,049
Stock dividends from capital surplus	127,693
Employee stock option	65,840
Convertible bonds	<u>211,221</u>
	<u>\$2,056,983</u>

Employee Stock Options

The Corporation's employee stock option plans were issued in October 2001, April 2002 and October 2002; the maximum number of units authorized to be granted was 3,500, 1,500 and 4,000, respectively, with each unit eligible to subscribe to one thousand common shares when exercisable. The option may be granted to qualified employees of the Corporation or any of its domestic or foreign subsidiaries. The options of all the plans are valid for five years and exercisable at certain percentages subsequent to the second anniversary of the grant date. Under the terms of the plans, the options are granted at an exercise price equal to the closing price of the Corporation's common shares listed on the TSE on the grant date.

Information about outstanding stock options for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 was as follows:

	<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	
	Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Units	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Employee Stock Options				
Outstanding, beginning	4,129	\$ 17.0	7,935	\$ 17.0
Current issuance	-	-	-	-
Current exercise	(3,607)	19.3	(1,912)	17.1
Current cancel	<u>(192)</u>	-	<u>(1,894)</u>	-
Outstanding, ending	<u>330</u>		<u>4,129</u>	
Exercisable options, ending	<u>330</u>		<u>2,754</u>	

As of December 31, 2006, information about outstanding and exercisable options was as follows:

Range of Exercise Price (NT\$)	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number of Options (In Thousands)	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (In Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price (NT\$)	Number of Options (In Thousands)	Weighted Average Exercise Price (NT\$)
\$17.00~\$13.1	-	-	\$16.2	-	\$13.1
\$34.10~\$28.9	144	0.25	28.9	144	28.9
\$17.60~\$14.4	<u>186</u>	0.82	16.4	<u>186</u>	14.4
	<u>330</u>			<u>330</u>	

No compensation cost was recognized under intrinsic value method for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. The assumptions and pro forma results of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2006 would have been as follows:

Assumptions

Expected dividend yield	-
Expected volatility	46.75%
Risk free interest rate	1.92%
Expected life	3.875 years

	2006	2005
Net income		
Net income as reported	\$ 842,241	\$ 480,468
Pro forma net income	834,539	449,496
Earnings per share (EPS) - after income tax (in dollars)		
Basic EPS as reported	\$ 4.13	\$ 2.73
Pro forma basic EPS	\$ 4.11	\$ 2.55
Diluted EPS as reported	\$ 3.83	\$ 2.64
Pro forma diluted EPS	\$ 3.81	\$ 2.47

Capital Surplus

Capital surplus can only be used to offset a deficit under the Corporation Law. However, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issue price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers, convertible bonds and the surplus from treasury stock transactions) may be appropriated as stock dividends, which is restricted to a certain percentage of the paid in common stock of the Corporation. Capital surplus consisted of the following:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Additional paid-in capital	\$ 290,248	\$ 290,248
Employee stock option	54,449	20,939
Convertible bonds	188,779	180,213
Warrants	<u>39,680</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 573,156</u>	<u>\$ 491,400</u>

Earnings Distribution and Dividend Policy

Based on the Company Law and the Corporation's Articles of Incorporation, from annual net income less any prior years' deficit, 10% should be appropriated as legal reserve. The remaining amount may be fully or partially distributed for dividends, with the stockholders' approval, according to the following percentages:

- (a) Employee bonus - 3% to 15%
- (b) Directors and supervisors' remuneration - 2%

Stock bonuses to employees include subsidiary employees who meet certain criteria set by the board of directors.

Dividends are recommended by the board of directors in accordance with the Corporation's dividend policy. Under this policy, industry trend and growth should be evaluated, investment opportunities should be fully understood, and proper capital adequacy ratios should be considered in determining the dividend to be distributed. In addition, cash dividends should not be less than 20% of the total dividends to be appropriated.

A special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the components of stockholders' equity (for example, unrealized loss on long-term investments and cumulative translation adjustments, but excluding treasury stock) should be allocated from unappropriated earnings under the regulations promulgated by the ROC Securities and Futures Bureau (SFB), formerly known as the Securities and Futures Commission before July 1, 2004. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

Legal reserve should be appropriated until its amount equals the Corporation's paid-in capital. It can be used to offset deficit. When legal reserve reaches 50% of paid-in capital, up to one half of this reserve may be transferred to capital stock.

Under the Integrated Income Tax System that became effective on January 1, 1998, the ROC resident shareholders are allowed a tax credit for their proportionate share of the income tax paid by the Corporation on earnings generated since January 1, 1998.

The appropriation of the 2005 and 2004 earnings was approved in the stockholders' meeting on June 15, 2005 and June 13, 2004, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share are as follows:

	<u>Appropriation of Earnings</u>		<u>Dividends Per Share (NT\$)</u>	
	<u>For Fiscal Year 2005</u>	<u>For Fiscal Year 2004</u>	<u>For Fiscal Year 2005</u>	<u>For Fiscal Year 2004</u>
Legal reserve	\$ 48,047	\$ 25,815	\$ -	\$ -
Cash dividends	188,909	82,404	1.0	0.50
Stock dividends	113,345	82,405	0.6	0.50
Employees' bonus - stock	34,347	18,728	-	-
Remuneration to directors and supervisors - cash	6,869	3,746	-	-

The amounts of the above appropriations of earnings for 2005 and 2004 are consistent with the resolutions of the meetings of the Board of Directors. However, the Company Law prescribes that TXC Corporation, as a holder of treasury stock, shall not participate in the appropriation of earnings. Therefore, the actual cash dividend per share and stock dividend per share are slightly more than those in the aforementioned resolutions. If the above bonus to employees, directors and supervisors had been paid entirely in cash and charged against earnings for 2005 and 2004, the after income tax basic earnings per share for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004 would have decreased from NT\$2.73 to NT\$2.50 and NT\$1.63 to NT\$1.49, respectively. The shares distributed as bonus to employees represented 1.84% and 1.16% of the Corporation's total outstanding common shares as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

As of March 5, 2007, the board of directors of TXC Corporation has not resolved the appropriation of 2006 earnings. The above information on the earnings appropriation can be accessed online through the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) on the Web site of the Taiwan Stock Exchange (<http://emops.tse.com.tw>).

18. INCOME TAX

The reconciliation of imputed income tax on pretax income at statutory tax rate to income tax expense was as follows:

	<u>Years Ended December 31</u>	
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Tax on pretax income at 25% statutory rate	\$ 239,602	\$ 132,482
Add (deduct) tax effects of		
Permanent differences	96	(285)
Temporary differences	(25,326)	(15,158)
Tax-exempt income for five years	<u>(74,355)</u>	<u>(15,695)</u>
	140,017	101,344
Income tax (10%) on undistributed earnings	8,895	-
Less investment tax credit	<u>(74,456)</u>	<u>(50,672)</u>
Current tax credit	<u>\$ 74,456</u>	<u>\$ 50,672</u>

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

	<u>Years Ended December 31</u>	
	2006	2005
Current tax expense	\$ 74,456	\$ 50,672
Prior year's adjustment	1,328	(163)
Deferred tax expenses (benefits)		
Temporary difference	24,893	15,366
Investment tax credits	<u>(1,736)</u>	<u>(16,376)</u>
Income tax expense	<u>\$ 98,941</u>	<u>\$ 49,499</u>

Changes of income tax payable:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2006	2005
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 30,437	\$ 30,855
Accrued income tax this year	74,456	50,672
Current payment	(31,765)	(50,927)
Adjustment of prior years' tax expense	<u>1,328</u>	<u>(163)</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 74,456</u>	<u>\$ 30,437</u>

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

	2006	2005
Deferred income tax assets, current		
Investment tax credit	\$ 31,124	\$ 30,690
Loss on decline in value of inventories	7,207	4,180
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	2,739	1,737
Impairment loss	-	2,172
Others	<u>2,120</u>	<u>402</u>
	<u>43,190</u>	<u>39,181</u>
Deferred income tax liabilities, current		
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	<u>(1,960)</u>	<u>(3,417)</u>
Net deferred income tax assets, current	<u>\$ 41,230</u>	<u>\$ 35,764</u>
Deferred income tax assets, noncurrent		
Investment tax credit	\$ 93,372	\$ 92,070
Impairment loss	2,467	-
Unrealized valuation loss on financial instruments	4,736	-
Others	<u>331</u>	<u>331</u>
	<u>100,906</u>	<u>92,401</u>
Deferred income tax liabilities, noncurrent		
Investment income	<u>(48,512)</u>	<u>(17,140)</u>
Net deferred income tax assets, noncurrent	<u>\$ 52,394</u>	<u>\$ 75,261</u>

The Corporation's investment tax credits as of December 31, 2006 for income tax purposes were as follows:

Regulatory Basis of Tax Credits	Item	Total Creditable Amount	Remaining Creditable Amount	Expiry Year
Statute for Upgrading Industries	Purchase of machinery and equipment	\$ 77,341	\$ 48,523	2010
	Research and development expenditures	119,890	74,606	2010
	Personnel training	<u>1,721</u>	<u>\$ 1,367</u>	2010
		<u>\$ 198,952</u>	<u>\$ 124,496</u>	

The sales generated from the following expansion and construction of the Corporation's factories is exempt from income tax:

	Tax-Exemption Period
Acquisition of equipment in 2003	2004 to 2008
Acquisition of equipment in 2004	2005 to 2009

The Corporation's income tax returns up to 2002 have been examined and approved by the tax authorities.

According to the amended Income Tax Law, unappropriated earnings are subject to 10% tax. The 10% tax will be used as a reduction of the stockholders income tax expense in the year when dividends are distributed. The information of imputation credit accounts ("ICA") were as follows:

	<u>December 31</u>	
	2006	2005
Balance of ICA	<u>\$ 15,370</u>	<u>\$ 26,069</u>
	2006 (Estimate)	2005 (Actual)
Imputation tax credit rate	9.18%	10.88%
	<u>December 31</u>	
	2006	2005
Undistributed earnings		
Until 1997	\$ -	\$ -
From 1998 and thereafter	<u>978,720</u>	<u>493,909</u>
	<u>\$ 978,720</u>	<u>\$ 493,909</u>

19. PERSONNEL, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION EXPENSES

The Corporation's personnel, depreciation, and amortization expenses for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 were summarized as follows:

Expense Item	Year Ended December 31					
	2006			2005		
	Classified as Cost of Sales	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Cost of Sales	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total
Labor cost						
Salary	\$261,142	\$133,301	\$394,443	\$218,783	\$115,661	\$334,444
Labor and health insurance	16,363	8,854	25,217	13,746	7,650	21,396
Pension	10,653	6,385	17,038	6,894	3,302	10,196
Meals	11,567	3,837	15,404	9,634	3,411	13,045
Welfare	5,215	1,902	7,117	3,555	1,561	5,116
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	211,406	46,636	258,042	164,745	37,076	201,821
Amortization	11,364	39,200	50,564	2,065	28,440	30,505

20. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Years Ended December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax	After Tax
Basic earnings per share (dollars)				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 4.70	\$ 4.21	\$ 2.78	\$ 2.52
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	(0.11)	(0.08)	-	-
Net income	<u>\$ 4.59</u>	<u>\$ 4.13</u>	<u>\$ 2.78</u>	<u>\$ 2.52</u>
Diluted earnings per share (dollars)				
Income from continuing operations	\$ 4.36	\$ 3.91	\$ 2.70	\$ 2.44
Cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles	(0.11)	(0.08)	-	-
Net income	<u>\$ 4.25</u>	<u>\$ 3.83</u>	<u>\$ 2.70</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>

	Years Ended December 31									
	2006					2005				
	Amount		Weighted Average Outstanding Common Stock	EPS		Amount		Weighted Average Outstanding Common Stock	EPS	
Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax		After Tax	Before Tax	After Tax	Before Tax		After Tax	
Net income	<u>\$ 935,426</u>	<u>\$ 842,241</u>			<u>\$ 529,967</u>	<u>\$ 480,468</u>				
Basic earnings per share	\$ 935,426	\$ 842,241	203,945	<u>\$ 4.59</u>	<u>\$ 4.13</u>	\$ 529,967	\$ 480,468	190,740	<u>\$ 2.78</u>	<u>\$ 2.52</u>
Convertible bonds	3,063	2,297	15,627			3,740	2,805	6,418		
Employee stock option	-	-	1,115			-	-	689		
Net diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 938,489</u>	<u>\$ 844,538</u>	<u>220,687</u>	<u>\$ 4.25</u>	<u>\$ 3.83</u>	<u>\$ 533,707</u>	<u>\$ 483,273</u>	<u>197,847</u>	<u>\$ 2.70</u>	<u>\$ 2.44</u>

21. DISCLOSURES FOR FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair values of assets and liabilities were as follows:

	December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Book Value	Estimated Fair Value	Book Value	Estimated Fair Value
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 797,134	\$ 797,134	\$ 212,986	\$ 212,986
Available-for-sale financial assets, current	150,183	150,183	60,000	60,004
Notes and accounts receivable, net	1,725,036	1,725,036	1,274,303	1,274,303
Investments accounted for using equity method	1,143,443	1,143,443	853,083	853,083
Financial assets carried at cost	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Liabilities				
Short-term loans	205,275	205,275	165,208	165,208
Notes and accounts payable	801,823	801,823	608,690	608,690
Accrued expenses	155,386	155,386	128,544	128,544
Bonds payable	763,311	763,311	20,499	20,499
Long-term loans (including current portion)	410,000	410,000	470,000	470,000
Derivative financial instruments				
Interest rate swap contract				
Taiwan	(18,944)	(18,944)	-	-
Forward contract				
Taiwan	(1,744)	(1,744)	-	-

Methods and assumptions used in the determination of fair values of financial instruments were as follows:

- (a) The fair values of short-term financial instruments such as cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables and short-term loans are based on their carrying amounts because of their short maturities. The carrying amounts of these financial instruments approximate their fair values.
- (b) Fair values of available-for-sale financial assets were based on their quoted market price on the balance sheet date.
- (c) Fair values of derivatives were determined using valuation techniques incorporating estimates and assumptions that were consistent with prevailing market conditions.
- (d) Because there is no active market and a reliable fair value could only be verified at a more than reasonable cost, the fair values of investments in unlisted stocks carried at cost or accounted for using equity method can not be estimated.
- (e) The fair value of the long-term loans and bonds payable was determined using the discounted value of expected cash flows, which approximates their carrying amount.

Fair value of assets and liabilities based on:

	Quoted Market Price		Valuation Techniques Incorporating Estimates and Assumptions	
	December 31		December 31	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 797,134	\$ 212,986
Notes and accounts receivable, net	-	-	1,725,036	1,274,303
Available-for-sale financial assets, current	150,183	60,000	-	-
Investments accounted for using equity method	-	-	1,143,443	853,082
Financial assets carried at cost	-	-	3,000	3,000
Liabilities				
Short-term loans	-	-	205,275	165,208
Notes and accounts payable	-	-	801,823	608,690
Accrued expenses	-	-	155,386	128,544
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, current	-	-	1,744	-
Bonds payable	-	-	763,311	20,499
Long-term loans (including current portion)	-	-	410,000	470,000
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit of loss, noncurrent	-	-	18,944	-

Gain recognized from the changes in fair value of derivatives estimated using valuation techniques was \$4,079 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2006.

As of December 31, 2006, financial liabilities exposed to cash flow interest rate risk were \$18,944 thousand.

Information about financial risks was as follows:

- (a) Market risk: The Corporation's market risk refers to the uncertainties due to exchange rate fluctuations. Gains or losses on forward exchange contracts are likely to offset the gains or losses on foreign-currency assets or liabilities. Interest rate risk refers to the risk arising from interest rate fluctuations in the market. The Corporation does not have significant price risk.
- (b) Credit risk: Credit risk represents the potential loss that would be incurred by the Corporation if the counter-parties or third-parties breached the contracts. Contracts with positive fair values at the balance sheet date are evaluated for credit risk. The counter-parties or third-parties to the foregoing derivative financial instruments are reputable financial institutions, business organizations, and government agencies. Management believes its exposure to default by those parties is low.
- (c) Liquidity risk: The Corporation has sufficient operating capital to meet cash needs upon settlements of derivative financial instruments. Therefore, the cash flow risk is low.

22. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related parties were as follows:

Related Party	Relationship with the Corporation
Tai-Shing Electronics Components Corporation (Tai-Shing)	Chairman is the Corporation's general manager
TXC Technology Inc.	Wholly owned subsidiary
TXC Japan Corporation	Wholly owned subsidiary
Taiwan Crystal Technology International Ltd. (TCTI)	Wholly owned subsidiary
Growing Profits Trading Ltd. (GPT)	Subsidiary's equity-method investee
TXC (Ningbo) Corporation (NGB)	Subsidiary's equity-method investee

Major transactions with related parties were summarized below:

Purchases of Inventory and Processing Costs

	Years Ended December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Amount	% to Total Account Balances	Amount	% to Total Account Balances
GPT	\$474,123	17	\$403,015	20
NGB	316,266	11	-	-
TXC Japan Corporation	<u>12</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$790,401</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>\$403,015</u>	<u>20</u>

Payment terms for purchases from related parties were similar to those for third parties.

Sales

	Years Ended December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Amount	% to Total Account Balances	Amount	% to Total Account Balances
GPT	\$ 27,535	1	\$ 39,353	1
Tai-Shing	19,997	-	21,226	1
NGB	6,284	-	-	-
TXC Technology Inc.	299	-	43	-
TXC Japan Corporation	<u>101</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 54,216</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 60,622</u>	<u>2</u>

Selling prices to related parties were similar to those for third parties.

Consulting Fee

	Years Ended December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Amount	% to Total Account Balance	Amount	% to Total Account Balance
TXC Technology Inc.	\$ 29,306	45	\$ 24,008	60
TXC Japan Corporation	17,872	28	4,379	11
GPT	11,672	18	11,597	29
NGB	5,921	9		
	<u>\$ 64,771</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 39,984</u>	<u>100</u>

Other Expenses

	Years Ended December 31			
	2006		2005	
	Amount	% to Total Account Balance	Amount	% to Total Account Balance
Tai-Shing	<u>\$ 5,805</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 4,229</u>	<u>4</u>

Receivable from and Payable to Related Parties

Item	Related Party	December 31			
		2006		2005	
		Amount	% to Total Account Balance	Amount	% to Total Account Balance
Accounts receivable	Tai-Shing	\$ 6,554	1	\$ 9,070	-
	NGB	6,244	-	-	-
	GPT	593	-	18,919	2
	TXC Technology Inc.	277	-	5	-
	TXC Japan Corporation	56	-	-	-
		<u>\$ 13,724</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 27,994</u>	<u>2</u>
Other current assets	TXC Technology Inc.	<u>\$ 872</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 4,004</u>	<u>5</u>
Notes payable	Tai-Shing	<u>\$ 701</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>\$ 264</u>	<u>-</u>
Accounts payable	NGB	\$278,816	37	\$ -	-
	Tai-Shing	410	-	183	-
	TXC Japan Corporation	12	-	-	-
	GPT	-	-	154,103	28
		<u>\$279,238</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>\$154,286</u>	<u>28</u>

		December 31			
		2006		2005	
Item	Related Party	Amount	% to Total Account Balance	Amount	% to Total Account Balance
Accrued expense	Tai-Shing	\$ -	-	\$ 273	-
	GPT	-	-	83	-
	TXC Japan Corporation	<u>2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$ 2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 356</u>	<u>-</u>

In the year ended December 31, 2005, the Corporation sold its equipment to NGB through GPT, at the net book value of \$38,955 thousand and price of \$38,951 thousand or loss of \$4 thousand.

In the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Corporation invested in NGB through TCTI in the form of machinery and equipment at their net book value of \$9,723 thousand and \$23,668 thousand, respectively, and have no disposal gain or loss.

As of December 31, 2005, the Corporation's guarantee for NGB's loans amounted to \$97,365 thousand.

23. PLEDGED ASSETS

As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the following assets had been pledged at their book values to secure short-term loans, long-term debts and commercial paper issued:

	2006	2005
Property, plant and equipment		
Land	\$ 165,994	\$ 165,994
Buildings, net	77,299	79,224
Machinery and equipment, net	351,144	312,343
Restricted deposit	<u>50</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 594,487</u>	<u>\$ 557,561</u>

24. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation's commitments and contingencies as of December 31, 2006, which were not shown in the financial statements, were as follows:

Unit: In Thousands

Commitment	Contract Price	Paid Up	Not Yet Paid
Building construction	\$282,600	\$206,735	\$75,865

Guarantee for short-term loan and long-term loan is described in Note 15.

Guarantee for customs tax amounted to about \$15,000 thousand.

Unused letters of credit was about JP¥255,324 thousand.

As of December 31, 2005, the Corporation had derivative financial instruments. Please refer to Note 21.

As of December 31, 2006, the Corporation's guarantee for loan of its subsidiary amounted to \$366,552.

25. SEGMENT, GEOGRAPHIC AREA, EXPORT SALES AND MAJOR CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Segment Information

No segment information.

Geographic Area Information

No geographic area information.

Export Sales

Area	2006	2005
Americas	\$ 154,117	\$ 155,400
Europe	80,455	60,950
Asia	<u>3,162,803</u>	<u>2,078,080</u>
	<u>\$ 3,397,375</u>	<u>\$ 2,294,430</u>

Major Customer Information

Customer	2006	2005
Dafon (Shanghai) Computer Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 420,866</u>	<u>\$ 401,886</u>

26. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the SFB for the Corporation and its investees:

- a. Financing provided: None.
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: Table 1 (attached).
- c. Marketable securities held: Table 2 (attached).
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.

- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least \$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3 (attached).
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached).
- i. Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence: Table 5 (attached).
- j. Derivative transactions: Please refer to Note 21 for the related information and Table 6 (attached).
- k. Investment in Mainland China: Table 7 (attached).

TXC CORPORATION

**ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

No.	Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider	Guaranteed Party		Limit on Each Guaranteed Party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts (Note 2)	Maximum Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Value of Collateral Property, Plant and Equipment	Ratio of Accumulated Amount of Collateral to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statement	Maximum Collateral/Guarantee Amounts Allowable (Note 3)
		Name	Nature of Relationship (Note 1)						
0	TXC Corporation	TXC (Ningbo) Corporation	2	\$ 1,902,347	\$ 97,365	\$ 97,365	\$ -	3	\$ 3,804,693

Note 1: The number 2 above represents an investee in which the Corporation holds directly and indirectly all of the equity interest.

Note 2: Not to exceed 50% of the Corporation's net equity. (\$3,804,693 thousand × 50% = \$1,902,347 thousand)

Note 3: Not to exceed the net worth of the Corporation.

TXC CORPORATION

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)

Holding Company Name	Marketable Securities Type and Name	Relationship with the Company	Financial Statement Account	December 31, 2006				Note
				Shares/Units	Carrying Value	Percentage of Ownership	Market Value or Net Asset Value	
TXC Corporation	<u>Beneficiary certificate</u> Ta Chong Bond Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets	4,619	\$ 60,149	-	\$ 60,149	
	Fubon Chi-Hsiang Fund	-	"	2,062	30,014	-	30,014	
	Fubon Jin-Ju-I Fund	-	"	4,907	60,020	-	60,020	
					<u>\$ 150,183</u>			
	<u>Stock</u> TCTI	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	29,122	\$ 1,137,953	100	-	
	TXC Technology Inc.	Subsidiary	"	300	2,702	100	-	
	TXC Japan Corporation	Subsidiary	"	2	2,788	100	-	
					<u>\$ 1,143,443</u>			
	Marson Technology Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	414	<u>\$ 3,000</u>	5	-	
TCTI	<u>Stock</u> GPT	Subsidiary	Long-term investments - equity method	50	\$ 24,207 (US\$ 743)	100	-	
	TXC (Ningbo) Corporation	Subsidiary	"	US\$ 29,122	\$ 1,121,829 (US\$ 34,416)	100	-	

(Continued)

TXC CORPORATION

**TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)**

Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Transaction Details				Abnormal Transaction		Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable		Note
			Purchase/ Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms (Note)	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	
TXC Corporation	GPT	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$ 474,123	17	-	-	-	\$ -	-	
			Purchase	316,266	11	-	-	-	(278,816)	37	
NGB	GPT	Ultimate parent	Sales	474,123 (US\$ 14,494)	(43)	-	-	-	183 (US\$ 6)	-	

Note: The terms of sales to related parties were not significantly different from those to third parties. For purchase transactions, prices are determined in accordance with the related contractual agreements and no other similar transaction could be compared with.

TXC CORPORATION

**RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or U.S. Dollars)**

Company Name	Related Party	Nature of Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate	Overdue		Amounts Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Bad Debts
					Amounts	Action Taken		
NGB	TXC Corporation	Ultimate parent	\$ 278,816 (US\$ 8,550)	2.27	\$ -	-	\$ 68,046 (US\$ 2,088)	\$ -

TXC CORPORATION

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)

Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	Original Investment Amount		Balance as of December 31, 2006			Net Income (Losses) of the Investee	Equity in the Earnings (Losses)	Note
				December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005	Shares (in Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value			
TXC Corporation	TCTI	WESTERN Samoa	Investment holding	\$ 919,527	\$ 765,624	29,122	100	\$ 1,137,953	\$ 130,723	\$ 124,900	
	TXC Technology Inc.	U.S.A.	Marketing activities	US\$ 29,122	US\$ 23,000						
	TXC Japan Corporation	Japan	Marketing activities	US\$ 9,879	US\$ 9,879	300	100	2,702	(2,351)	(2,351)	
TCTI	GPT	B.V.I.	National trading	US\$ 300	US\$ 300						
				US\$ 4,661	US\$ 2,973	2	100	2,788	(909)	(909)	
	NGB	Ningbo	Manufacture and sales of electronics products	JP¥ 16,000	JP¥ 10,000						
				US\$ 50	US\$ 50	50	100	24,207	13,917	13,917	
				US\$ 29,122	US\$ 23,000	US\$ 29,122	100	US\$ 743	US\$ 428	US\$ 428	
								1,121,829	116,847	116,847	
								US\$ 34,416	US\$ 3,592	US\$ 3,592	

TABLE 6**Derivative Transactions**

NGB entered into derivative transactions during the year ended December 31, 2006 to manage exposures related to foreign exchange rate fluctuations.

Outstanding forward contracts as of December 31, 2006:

<u>December 31, 2006</u>	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (In Thousands)
Sell	USD/RMB	January 31, 2007 to April 30, 2007	US\$2,000/RMB15,570
Sell	USD/JPY	January 16, 2007	US\$86/JP¥10,000

TXC CORPORATION

INFORMATION OF INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA
 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)

1. The name of the investee company in Mainland China, the main businesses and products, issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, ownership, investment gain or loss, ending balance, amount received as earnings distributions from the investment:

Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital (RMB in Thousand)	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2006 (US\$ in Thousand)	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2006 (US\$ in Thousand)	Percentage of Ownership	Equity in the Earnings (Losses)	Carrying Value as of December 31, 2006	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2006
					Outflow (US\$ in Thousand)	Inflow					
TXC (Ningbo) Corporation	Manufacturing and sales of crystal, crystal oscillator and SAW (surface acoustic wave)	RMB238,523	Indirect investment of the Corporation in Mainland China through the Corporation's subsidiary in a third region	\$765,624 (US\$23,000)	\$139,341 (US\$4,287)	\$ -	\$904,965 (US\$27,287)	100%	\$116,847 (US\$3,592)	\$1,121,829 (US\$34,416)	\$ -

2. The limitation on investment:

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2006 (US\$ in Thousand)	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (US\$ in Thousand)	Upper Limit on Investment (Note)
\$904,965 (US\$27,287)	\$928,611 (US\$28,000)	\$1,521,877

Note: Not to exceed 40% of the Corporation's net equity (\$3,804,693 thousand \times 40% = \$1,521,877 thousand).

3. Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee company, prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in Mainland China on financial reports:

Company Name	Nature of Relationship	Transaction Details					Accounts (Notes) Receivable (Payable)		Unrealized Gain or Loss
		Purchase/Sale	Amount	Price	Payment Term	Compared with Terms of Third Parties	Balance	%	
NGB	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$33,819 (US\$1,041)	Negotiated price	Similar	Similar	\$6,837 (US\$210)	2	\$ -
		Sale	\$790,380 (US\$24,100)	Negotiated price	Similar	Similar	\$278,816 (US\$8,550)	77	\$ -

SCHEDULE 1

TXC CORPORATION

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, and Foreign Currency)

Item	Amount
Cash	
Petty cash	\$ 240
Cash on hand	1,291
Cash in banks	
Checking deposits	51,347
Demand deposits	18,249
Foreign-currency deposits	114,296
	Including US\$1,472.8 thousand @NT\$32.596, JPY234,762 thousand @NT\$0.2743 and HK\$452 thousand @NT\$4.191
Time deposits	116,711
	Due date 2006.12.11~2007.1.11, interest rate at 1.705%~5.2%, including foreign currency time deposit US\$2,200 thousand @NT\$32.596 <u>302,134</u>
Cash equivalents	
Bonds with repurchase rights	495,000
	Due date 2006.11.09~2007.02.09, interest rate at 1.56%~1.60% <u>495,000</u>
	<u>\$ 797,134</u>

SCHEDULE 2

TXC CORPORATION

AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Security Type and Company Name	Explanations	Shares/Units	Book Value	Amount	Cost	Market Price	
						Unit Price (NT\$)	Amount
Fund							
Fubon Chi-Hsiang Fund	Beneficiary certificate	2,062		\$ 30,014	\$ 30,000	14.5543	\$ 30,014
Ta Chong Bond Fund	"	4,619		60,149	60,000	13.0233	60,149
Fubon Jin-Ju-I Fund	"	4,907		<u>60,020</u>	<u>60,000</u>	12.2313	<u>60,020</u>
				<u>\$150,183</u>	<u>\$150,000</u>		<u>\$150,183</u>

SCHEDULE 3

TXC CORPORATION

NOTES RECEIVABLE
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Third parties		
Gemtek Technology Co., Ltd.		\$ 10,685
KMSH		18,446
Compal Communications Inc.		13,583
Others (Note)		<u>2,099</u>
		44,813
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		<u>(224)</u>
		<u>\$ 44,589</u>

Note: Each of the accounts was less than 5% of the total account balance.

SCHEDULE 4

TXC CORPORATION

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Related parties		
Growing Profits Trading Ltd.		\$ 593
Tai-Shing Electronics Components Corporation		6,554
TXC Technology Inc.		277
TXC Japan Corporation		56
TXC (Ningbo) Corporation		<u>6,244</u>
		<u>13,724</u>
Third parties		
Hon Hai Corporation		\$ 258,699
Dafon (Shanghai) Computer Co., Ltd.		185,741
Asuspower Computer (HK) Ltd.		138,868
Compal Communications Inc.		108,287
Others (Note)		<u>988,463</u>
		1,680,058
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		<u>(13,335)</u>
		<u>1,666,723</u>
		<u>\$1,680,447</u>

Note: Each of the accounts was less than 5% of the total account balance.

SCHEDULE 5

TXC CORPORATION

**INVENTORIES
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Explanation	Cost	Market Value (Note)
Raw materials		\$ 103,999	\$ 100,481
Supplies and spare parts		11,830	11,394
Work in process		103,637	96,575
Finished goods		187,939	182,140
Merchandise inventories		193,878	182,600
Merchandise in transit		<u>27,715</u>	<u>27,715</u>
		628,998	<u>\$ 600,905</u>
Less allowance for loss on decline in market value and obsolescence		<u>(28,093)</u>	
		<u>\$ 600,905</u>	

Note: The market value is based on net realizable value of finished goods, work in process and merchandise and on replacement cost of raw materials and reversal of loss on decline in value of slow moving inventory.

SCHEDULE 6

TXC CORPORATION

OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Deferred income tax assets - current		\$ 41,230
Tax refund receivable		22,293
Advance to employees		4,749
Prepayment for purchase		4,184
Others		<u>6,103</u>
		<u>\$ 78,559</u>

TXC CORPORATION

**CHANGES IN FINANCIAL ASSETS CARRIED AT COST - NONCURRENT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and shares)**

Name	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balanced		Pledge or Security
	Shares	Carrying Value	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Carrying Value	
Marson Technology Co., Ltd.	<u>414</u>	<u>\$ 3,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>414</u>	<u>\$ 3,000</u>	None

TXC CORPORATION

**CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Shares)**

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Equity in Investees Gain (Loss)	Ending Balance			Market Price or Net Asset Value		Valuation Method	Pledge or Security
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount		Shares	% of Ownership	Amount	Unit Price	Amount		
Not listed company														
Taiwan Crystal Technology International Ltd.	23,000	\$ 845,913	6,122	\$ 167,140	-	\$ -	\$ 124,900	29,122	100	\$ 1,137,953	42	\$ 1,137,953	Equity method	None
TXC Technology Inc.	300	5,097	-	-	-	(44)	(2,351)	300	100	2,702	9	2,702	Equity method	None
TXC Japan Corporation	1	2,072	1	1,688	-	(63)	(909)	2	100	2,788	1,394	2,788	Equity method	None
		<u>\$ 853,082</u>		<u>\$ 168,828</u>		<u>\$ (107)</u>	<u>\$ 121,640</u>			<u>\$ 1,143,443</u>		<u>\$ 1,143,443</u>		

Note: The financial statements used as basis for calculating the above equity-method investments were audited, except for TXC Technology Inc. and TXC Japan Corporation.

TXC CORPORATION

**CHANGES IN PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)**

Item	Beginning Balance	Changes for the Period			Ending Balance	Pledge or Security
		Increase	Decrease	Reclassification		
Cost						
Land	\$ 157,040	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,040	Note 23
Land improvements	442	-	-	-	442	
Buildings	272,793	4,777	-	-	277,570	Note 23
Machinery equipment	1,453,138	383,493	(27,900)	2,085	1,810,816	Note 23
Transportation equipment	2,557	-	-	-	2,557	
Miscellaneous equipment	67,945	14,672	(1,997)	329	80,949	
Prepayments on purchase of equipment	12,035	25,149	-	-	37,184	
Unfinished construction	-	238,904	-	-	238,904	
	<u>\$ 1,965,950</u>	<u>\$ 666,995</u>	<u>\$ (29,897)</u>	<u>\$ 2,414</u>	<u>\$ 2,605,462</u>	
Revaluation increment						
Land - revaluation increment	<u>\$ 8,954</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,954</u>	
Accumulated depreciation						
Land improvements	\$ 273	\$ 70	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 343	
Buildings	114,034	18,694	-	-	132,728	
Machinery equipment	548,278	224,728	(16,694)	4,812	761,124	
Transportation equipment	1,175	681	-	-	1,856	
Miscellaneous equipment	<u>36,281</u>	<u>13,869</u>	<u>(1,976)</u>	<u>329</u>	<u>48,503</u>	
	<u>\$ 700,041</u>	<u>\$ 258,042</u>	<u>\$ (18,670)</u>	<u>\$ 5,141</u>	<u>\$ 944,554</u>	

SCHEDULE 10

TXC CORPORATION

**INTANGIBLE ASSETS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Amount
Pension prepayment	\$ <u>7,947</u>

TXC CORPORATION

**OTHER ASSETS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Explanation	Amount
Idle assets		\$ 4,126
Refundable deposits		2,971
Deferred charges		11,498
Deferred income tax assets - noncurrent		<u>52,394</u>
		<u>\$ 70,989</u>

TXC CORPORATION

SHORT-TERM LOANS

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Creditor	Nature of Loan	Amount	Due Date	Interest Rate %	Pledge or Security
Hua Nan Bank	Procurements loans	\$ 26,497	Six months	0.800~1.050	Note 23
Bank SinoPac	Procurements loans	19,132	Six months	0.930	
Bank of Taiwan	Procurements loans	3,658	Six months	1.170	
HSBC	Procurements loans	8,200	Six months	1.152~1.210	
Chinatrust	Unsecured loans	115,192	Nine months	1.98~6.00	
TaiShin Bank	Unsecured loans	<u>32,596</u>	One month	5.98	
		<u>\$ 205,275</u>			

TXC CORPORATION

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS - CURRENT

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Name of Financial Instrument	Explanation	Shares	Par Value	Amount	Interest Rate %	Cost	Fair Value	
							Unit Price	Amount
Forward contracts		-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ 1,744

TXC CORPORATION

NOTES PAYABLE

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Related parties		
Tai-Shing Electronics Components Corporation		\$ 701
Third parties		
Ienitron Corporation		10,787
Others (Note)		<u>43,798</u>
		<u>\$ 55,286</u>

Note: Each of the accounts was less than 5% of the total account balance.

SCHEDULE 15

TXC CORPORATION

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Related parties		
Tai-Shing Electronics Components Corporation		\$ 410
TXC Japan Corporation		12
TXC (Ningbo) Corporation		<u>278,816</u>
		<u>279,238</u>
Third parties		
Faith Victory		69,005
Troq		66,520
Seiko		45,771
East Crystal		42,940
Others (Note)		<u>243,063</u>
		<u>467,299</u>
		<u>\$ 746,537</u>

Note: Each of the accounts was less than 5% of the total account balance.

TXC CORPORATION

ACCRUED EXPENSES

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Related parties		
TXC Japan Corporation		\$ <u> 2</u>
Third parties		
Salaries		92,041
Others (Note)		<u>63,343</u>
		<u>155,384</u>
		<u>\$ 155,386</u>

Note: Each of the accounts was less than 5% of the total account balance.

TXC CORPORATION

OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Temporary receipts		\$ 4,905
Other		<u>2,769</u>
		<u>\$ 7,674</u>

TXC CORPORATION

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS - NONCURRENT
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Name of Financial Instrument	Explanation	Shares	Par Value	Amount	Interest Rate %	Cost	Fair Value	
							Unit Price	Amount
Interest rate swap contracts		<u>-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$ 18,944</u>	-	<u>\$ 18,944</u>

TXC CORPORATION

BONDS PAYABLE
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Bond Type	Trustees	Date of Issuance	Payment Terms	Interest Rate	Amount			Unamortized Premium (Discount)	Carrying Value	Repayment Method	Securities
					Issuance Amount	Repayment	Ending Balance				
2 nd domestic unsecured convertible bonds	-	2006.11.08	-	-	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 800,000</u>	\$ (36,689)	<u>\$ 763,311</u>	Except those sold, for resale, and redeemed, the bonds are repayable at maturity.	None

TXC CORPORATION

LONG-TERM LOANS

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Creditors	Repayment Period	Repayment Method	Interest Rate %	Amount			Pledge or Security
				Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	Total Amount	
Bank of Taiwan	2006.09.03~2021.09.03	Repayable at maturity	2.5850	\$ -	\$ 160,000	\$ 160,000	None
Chinatrust	2005.10.26~2008.10.26	Repayable at maturity	2.1500	-	200,000	200,000	None
Chinatrust and five other financial institutions	2004.12.31~2007.12.30	Repayable at maturity	2.9211	<u>50,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,000</u>	Note 23
				<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 360,000</u>	<u>\$ 410,000</u>	

SCHEDULE 21

TXC CORPORATION

**LAND VALUE INCREMENT TAX RESERVE
DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Explanation	Amount
Land value increment tax reserve		<u>\$ 3,512</u>

SCHEDULE 22

TXC CORPORATION

OTHER PAYABLE

DECEMBER 31, 2006

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Explanation	Amount
Deferred credits		\$ <u>240</u>

TXC CORPORATION

**OPERATING REVENUES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Amount
Mirco-electronics	\$ 856,303
Electronic components	<u>3,912,194</u>
	4,768,497
Less sales returns	(35,746)
Less sales discounts	<u>(25,821)</u>
	4,706,930
Project revenue	<u>132,763</u>
	<u>\$ 4,839,693</u>

SCHEDULE 24**TXC CORPORATION****COST OF SALES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Amount
Direct materials	
Beginning materials	\$ 87,556
Material purchase	597,541
Less adjustment items	(2,595)
Ending materials	<u>(115,829)</u>
	566,673
Direct labor	178,194
Overhead	<u>561,646</u>
Manufacturing cost	1,306,513
Beginning work in process	113,366
Add purchases	44,044
Add adjustment items	50,864
Ending work in process	<u>(103,637)</u>
Finished goods cost	1,411,150
Beginning finished goods	136,118
Add purchase	3,381
Add adjustment items	276,449
Ending finished goods	<u>(187,939)</u>
Production cost	<u>1,639,159</u>
Beginning merchandise inventory	230,629
Add purchase	2,027,408
Less adjustment items	(279,137)
Ending merchandise inventory	<u>(193,878)</u>
	<u>1,785,022</u>
Project cost	<u>126,860</u>
	<u>\$ 3,551,041</u>

TXC CORPORATION**OPERATING EXPENSES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Explanation	Sales and Marketing	General and Administration	Research and Development
Salary		\$ 41,717	\$ 46,989	\$ 44,595
Research expense		-	-	19,239
Labor service expense		30	13,897	1,254
Depreciation		749	8,393	37,494
Commission		34,980	-	-
Export expense		25,195	195	-
Others		<u>109,298</u>	<u>40,954</u>	<u>18,338</u>
		<u>\$ 211,969</u>	<u>\$ 110,428</u>	<u>\$ 120,920</u>

TXC CORPORATION

**NONOPERATING INCOME AND GAINS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Amount
Interest income	\$ 5,204
Investment income accounted for by the equity method	124,900
Gain on disposal of investments	1,184
Foreign exchange gains	94,629
Valuation gains on financial instruments	4,079
Others	<u>37,563</u>
	<u>\$ 267,559</u>

TXC CORPORATION**NONOPERATING EXPENSES AND LOSSES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Item	Explanation	Amount
Interest expense		\$ 22,849
Investment loss accounted for by the equity method		3,260
Loss on disposal of assets		904
Loss on physical inventory		958
Foreign exchange losses		88,336
Loss on decline in value of inventories		33,721
Loss on idle assets' depreciation		1,940
Impairment loss		1,182
Valuation loss on financial instruments		<u>1,744</u>
		<u>\$ 154,894</u>